Grades averages, medians, standard deviation, converting numerical scores to letter grades

CORE-UA 109.01, Joanna Klukowska

program to get the exam scores from the user

Let's write a program to obtain the exam scores from the user.

- the user should be prompted for a next score until they enter -1
- the program should validate that the number entered is between zero and 100 (inclusive)

• how do you calculate the average score?

how do you calculate the average score?

$$average = \frac{grade_1 + grade_2 + \dots + grade_n}{n}$$

- **mean** is another word use to describe the average
- **mean** is a measure of central tendency

how do you calculate the average score?

$$average = \frac{grade_1 + grade_2 + \dots + grade_n}{n}$$

- **mean** is another word use to describe the average
- **mean** is a measure of central tendency
- what does the mean of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?

how do you calculate the average score?

$$average = \frac{grade_1 + grade_2 + \dots + grade_n}{n}$$

- mean is another word use to describe the average
- mean is a measure of central tendency
- what does the mean of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?
- what letter grade should be associated with a score that is equal to the average grade?

median

- **median** is the middle score
- algorithm for finding the median:
 - sort all grades from smallest to largest
 - find the middle score
 - if the number of grades is odd, the median is equal to the middle score
 - if the number of grades is even, the median is the average of the two middle scores
- **median** is a measure of central tendency

median

- **median** is the middle score
- algorithm for finding the median:
 - sort all grades from smallest to largest
 - find the middle score
 - if the number of grades is odd, the median is equal to the middle score
 - if the number of grades is even, the median is the average of the two middle scores
- **median** is a measure of central tendency
- what does the median of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?

median

- median is the middle score
- algorithm for finding the median:
 - sort all grades from smallest to largest
 - find the middle score
 - if the number of grades is odd, the median is equal to the middle score
 - if the number of grades is even, the median is the average of the two middle scores
- **median** is a measure of central tendency
- what does the median of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?
- what letter grade should be associated with a score that is equal to the median grade?

range of values

- **smallest** value in the range of grades
- largest value in the range of grades
- range (smallest, largest) is a measure of dispersion

range of values

- **smallest** value in the range of grades
- largest value in the range of grades
- range (smallest, largest) is a measure of dispersion
- what do the **smallest** and **largest** values of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?

range of values

- **smallest** value in the range of grades
- **largest** value in the range of grades
- range (smallest, largest) is a measure of dispersion
- what do the **smallest** and **largest** values of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?
- what letter grade should be associated with a score that is smallest / largest?

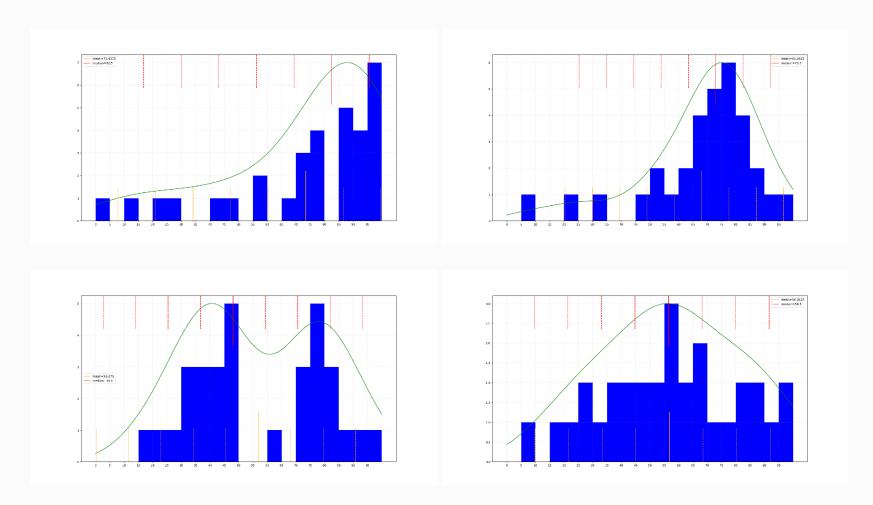
standard deviation

- standard deviation is ...
- algorithm for finding the stadard deviation:
 - calculate the mean
 - find the difference between each score and the mean and square that difference
 - add all of the squares of differences together and divide the sum by the total number of grades
 - take a square root of the value in the previous step
- **standard deviation** is a measure of dispersion

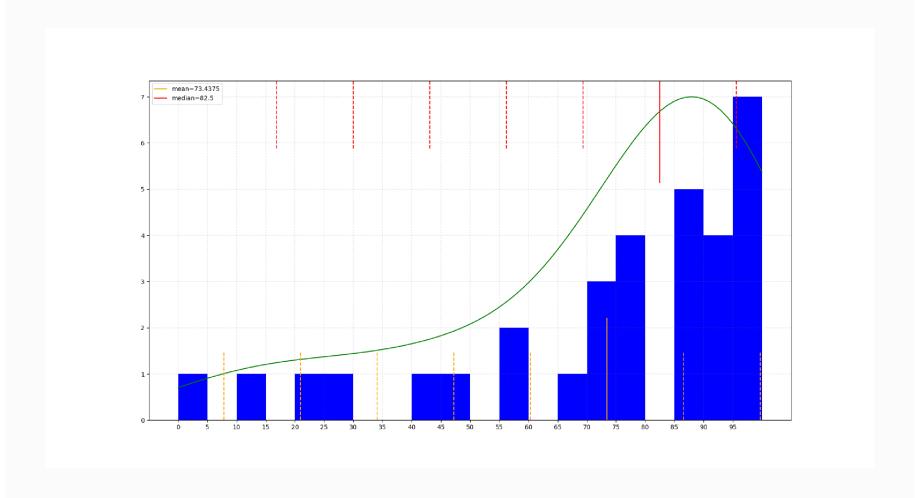
standard deviation

- standard deviation is ...
- algorithm for finding the stadard deviation:
 - calculate the mean
 - find the difference between each score and the mean and square that difference
 - add all of the squares of differences together and divide the sum by the total number of grades
 - take a square root of the value in the previous step
- **standard deviation** is a measure of dispersion
- what do the **standard deviation** value of exam grades tell us?
- how can this be used?
- what are the possible issues?

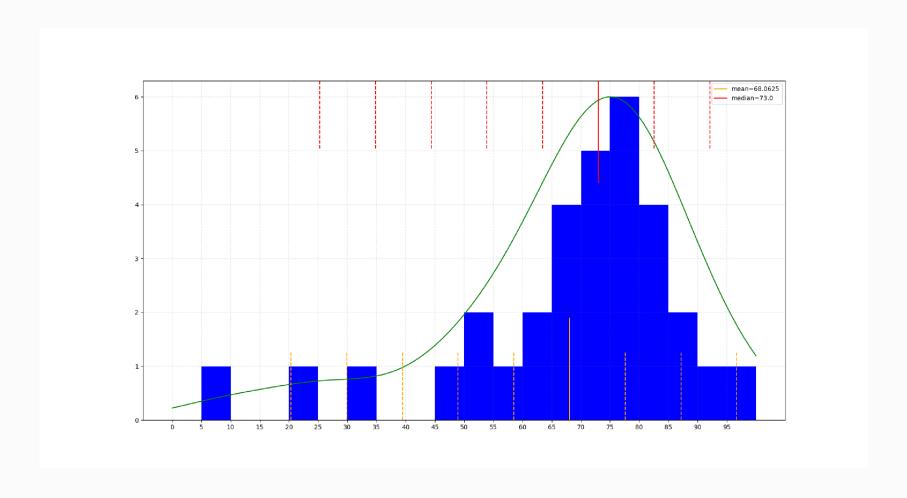
four different exams



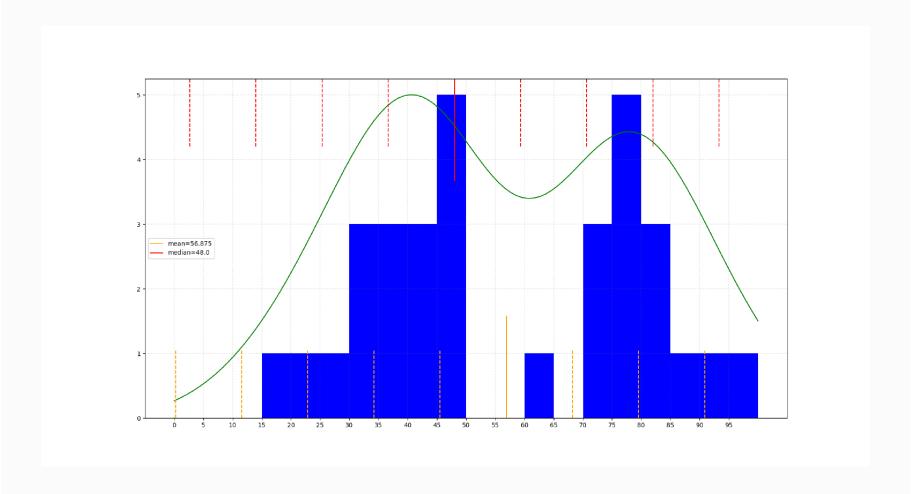
exam 1 grades



exam 2 grades



exam 3 grades



exam 4 grades

